Flight Instructor Test (FOI)

1- The least complex outcome in the psychomotor domain is
   A- adaptation.
   B- mechanism.
   C- perception.

2- Which is a true statement regarding the teaching lecture?
   A- Delivering the lecture in an extemporaneous manner is not recommended.
   B- Instructor receives direct feedback from students which is easy to interpret.
   C- Instructor must develop a keen perception for subtle responses and be able to interpret the meaning of these reactions.

3- In the learning process, fear or the element of threat will
   A- Narrow the student's perceptual field.
   B- Decrease the rate of associative reactions.
   C- Cause a student to focus on several areas of perception.

4- Which statement is true regarding lesson plans?
   A- Lesson plans should not be directed toward the course objective, only to the lesson objective.
   B- A well thought-out mental outline of a lesson may be used any time as long as the instructor is well prepared.
   C- Lesson plans help instructors keep a constant check on their own activity as well as that of their students.

5- What level of knowledge is being tested if asked, 'What is the maneuvering speed of the aircraft listed in the owner's manual?'
   A- Rote.
   B- Application.
   C- Understanding.

6- Commercially-developed test preparation material is
   A- FAA approved for knowledge tests only.
   B- designed to be used as a stand-alone method of study.
   C- intended to be used as a supplement to instructor-led training and materials.

7- Which is a valid reason for the use of proper oral quizzing during a lesson?
   A- Promotes active student participation.
   B- Identifies points that need less emphasis.
   C- Helps the instructor determine the general intelligence level of the students.

8- What should an instructor do with a student who assumes that correction of errors is unimportant?
   A- Divide complex flight maneuvers into elements.
   B- Try to reduce the student's overconfidence to reduce the chance of an accident.
   C- Raise the standard of performance for each lesson, demanding greater effort.

9- Before a student can concentrate on learning, which human needs must be satisfied?
   A- Aesthetic.
   B- Biological.
   C- Psychological.

10- When the learning of similar things overshadows other learning experiences, it is called
    A- suppression.
    B- correlation.
    C- interference.

11- Drill and practice method of training delivery is based on the learning principle of
    A- intensity.
    B- recency.
    C- exercise.

12- The student should be capable of handling problems that might occur, such as traffic pattern congestion, change in active runway, or unexpected crosswinds prior to
    A- the first solo cross-country flight.
    B- initial solo.
    C- being recommended for a Recreational or Private Pilot Certificate
13- Development and assembly of blocks of learning in their proper relationship will provide a means for
   A- both the instructor and student to easily correct faulty habit patterns.
   B- challenging the student by progressively increasing the units of learning.
   C- allowing the student to master the segments of the overall pilot performance requirements individually and combining
these with other related segments.

14- In evaluating student demonstrations of piloting ability, it is important for the flight instructor to
   A- remain silent and observe.
   B- keep the student informed of progress.
   C- explain errors in performance immediately.

15- In a guided discussion, learning is achieved through the
   A- skillful use of questions.
   B- use of questions, each of which contains several ideas.
   C- use of reverse questions directed to the class as a whole.

16- Which is an example of the affective domain?
   A- Reacting to an instructor's question.
   B- Answering an instructor's question.
   C- Demonstrating a skill to the instructor.

17- The characteristic of a written test, which measures small differences in achievement between students, is its
   A- validity.
   B- reliability.
   C- discrimination.

18- Insights, as applied to learning, involve a person's
   A- association of learning with change.
   B- grouping of associated perceptions into meaningful wholes.
   C- ability to recognize the reason for learning a procedure.

19- Which statement is true regarding true professionalism as an instructor?
   A- Anything less than sincere performance destroys the effectiveness of the professional instructor.
   B- To achieve professionalism, actions and decisions must be limited to standard patterns and practices.
   C- A single definition of professionalism would encompass all of the qualifications and considerations which must be
present.

20- Name one way an instructor can help develop student insights.
   A- Provide a secure and nonthreatening environment in which to learn.
   B- Point out various items to avoid during the learning process.
   C- Keep learning blocks small so they are easier to understand.

21- A disadvantage of using commercially produced study material is that
   A- students may learn to pass a given test.
   B- students use rote learning to remember key knowledge.
   C- students often exhibit a lack of knowledge during oral questioning.

22- Before endorsing a student for solo flight, the instructor should require the student to demonstrate consistent ability
    to perform
   A- all maneuvers specified in the Student Pilot Guide.
   B- all of the fundamental maneuvers.
   C- slow flight, stalls, emergency landings, takeoffs and landings, and go-arounds.

23- To be more likely to communicate effectively, an instructor should speak or write from a background of
   A- technical expertise.
   B- knowing the ideas presented.
   C- up-to-date, stimulating material.

24- Which statement is true relative to effective multiple-choice test items?
   A- Negative words or phrases need not be emphasized.
   B- Items should call for abstract background knowledge.
   C- Keep all alternatives of approximately equal length.

25- After individuals are physically comfortable and have no fear for their safety, which human needs become the prime
    influence on their behavior?
   A- Belonging.
   B- Self-actualization.
   C- Esteem.